# **GAUTENG DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION**



# **COLIN MANN PRIMARY SCHOOL**

**Code of Conduct for Learners** 

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#### 1. TITLE OF THE POLICY: CODE OF CONDUCT FOR LEARNERS

# 3. DATE OF NEXT REVIEW: 30 November 2017

#### 4. REVISION HISTORY

As ar	nended on: (Specify dates)
4.1.	13 February 2017
4.2.	

# 5. PREAMBLE

In terms of the South African Schools Act (Act No 84 of 1996) hereafter referred to as SASA, it is the duty and responsibility of the School Governing Body to develop and adopt a Code of Conduct for learners. Such policy must be in line with the provision of the Provincial Gazette, relevant National Education Legislation as well as the Constitution of the Country. In a case where the Code of Conduct is in contrast with any provincial or national legislation then such legislation shall take precedence.

# 6. PURPOSE OF THE POLICY

The purpose of the policy is to set out the parameters within which learners should behave in order to protect and promote the integrity and security of each learner and all members of the school community.

# 6.1. Objectives

- a) To ensure that no learner is unlawfully and unfairly treated;
- b) To foster mutual respect and establish a culture of tolerance and peace amongst learners and educators in the school.
- c) To ensure that the administrative procedures are clearly defined;

# 7. DEFINITIONS AND ACRONYMS

# 7.1. Definitions

No	Term	Definition
1	District Director	Is the officer of the department responsible for the administration of education in a particular educational district
2	Educator	Means any person, excluding a person who is appointed to exclusively perform extracurricular duties, who teaches, educates or trains other persons or who provides professional educational services, including professional therapy and education psychological services at school.
3	Expulsion	Means the permanent removal of a learner from a school.
4	Grade	Means that part of an educational programme which a learner may complete in one school year, or any other education programme which the Member of the Executive Council may deem to be equivalent thereto
5	Head of Department	Refers to the head of a provincial department of education.
6	Learner	Means any person receiving education or obliged to receive education in terms of relevant legislation.
7	Parent	means –  a) the parent or guardian of a learner;

No	Term	Definition
		b) the person legally entitled to custody of a
		learner; or
		c) the person who undertakes to fulfil the
		obligations of a person referred to in
		paragraph (a) and (b) towards the
		learner's education at school.
8	Principal	Refers to an educator appointed or acting
		as the head of a school.
9	School	Refers to (Name of School)
10	School	Is the body responsible for Governance
	Governing Body	issues at the (name of school).
11	Suspension	Means the temporary refusal of admission to
		a learner to a school, usually suspension
		precedes expulsion.

# 7.2. Acronyms

No.	Acronyms	Explanation
1.	DC	Disciplinary Committee
2.	MEC	Member of Executive Council of a province who is responsible for education in the province.
3.	RCL	Representative Council for Learners
4.	SASA	South African Schools Act
5.	SGB	School Governing Body
6.	SMT	School Management Team

#### 8. APPLICATION AND SCOPE OF THE CONSTITUTION

The policy shall apply to all learners registered in a school.

#### 9. LEGISLATIVE FRAMEWORK

- 9.1 Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, 1996 (Act No. 108 of 1996), as amended.
- 9.2 South African Schools Act, 1996 (Act No. 84 of 1996), as amended.
- 9.3 National Education Policy Act, 1996 (Act No. 27 of 1996), as amended.
- 9.4 Promotion of Access to Information Act, 2000 (Act No. 2 of 2000).
- 9.5 Promotion of Administrative Justice Act, 2000 (Act No. 3 of 2000).
- 9.6 The Gauteng Schools Education Act, 1995 (Act No.6 of 1995).
- 9.7 Regulations for Misconduct of Learners at Public Schools and Disciplinary Proceedings, 2001 (General Notice 2591 of 2001).
- 9.8 Regulations for Safety Measures at Public Schools Government NoticeNo. 1040, October 2001, as amended.
- 9.9 Guidelines for the Consideration of Governing Bodies in Adopting a Code of Conduct for Learners, General Notice 776 of 1998.

# 10. RELEVANT POLICIES AND PROVINCIAL CIRCULARS

Circular 74/2007

#### 11. POLICY STATEMENTS

- 1.1 The Principle and Values: The Rights of the Learners
- a) At (name of school) all learners shall have the democratic right to due process, participation in decision - making on matters affecting them and a method of appeal. The school prides itself on its record of allowing learners to express and resolve school-related grievances together with the SMT and SGB.

- b) Any form of discipline embarked upon by the school is underpinned by dignity and respect.
- c) Corporal punishment is prohibited at (Name of School).
- d) The school will endeavour to provide learners with a clean, safe, healthy environment with access to clean running water and toilets and an environment that protects them from harassment and intimidation from attending classes and writing tests and examinations thereby creating an atmosphere conducive for teaching and learning.
- e) Learners have the right to expect educators to maintain high standard of professional ethics.

# 1.2 The Legal Authority for the Control and Discipline of Learners

- a) The South African Schools' Act empowers a governing body of a school to maintain discipline in a school. The Code of Conduct must prescribe behaviour that respects the rights of learners and educators.
- b) The school will make every effort to ensure that learners understand that action may be taken against them if they contravene the Code of Conduct. In cases where action has to be taken the school will inform the learners why:
  - (i) Their conduct is considered as misbehaviour or misconduct.
  - (ii) They are to be disciplined or punished.
- c) All learners at the school are subject to the Code of Conduct without exception. The learners will be informed about its contents on enrolment at the school.
- d) An educator at the school shall have the same rights as a parent to control and discipline the learner in accordance with the Code of Conduct during the time the learner is in attendance at the school or school related activities.
- e) The Principal or an educator, upon reasonable suspicion, has the legal authority to conduct a search of any learner or property in possession of a learner for a dangerous weapon, firearm, drugs, or harmful dangerous

substance, stolen property or pornographic material brought onto the school property.

## 1.3 School Rules

# 1.3.1 School Wear and General Appearance

Learners are expected to wear the official School uniform and appear neat and tidy at all times.

- 1. No additions to the uniform that are not in accordance with the regulations will be allowed.
- 2. Beanies may be worn in winter and must be plain black, green or white.
- 3. Only gold/silver small studs may be worn as earrings by female learners only. No rings may be worn.
- 4. No coloured contacts and tattoos are permitted.
- 5. No colouring of the hair or wearing exotic hairstyles, which includes dreadlocks, spikes and steps, is permitted. If boys shave the hair, the hair may not be shorter than a No. 2 or longer that a No 3 and the hair must be the same length all over the head. No comb-overs or Kendricks or any other current fashionable style is permitted.
- 6. Male learners may not wear gel in their hair. Haircuts must be uniform hair may not touch the ears or the collar.
- 7. Braids may by worn by African females but **must be of the same colour** as their own hair. Braids that touch the collar of the school dress, must be tied up, irrespective of the style/pattern used.
- 8. No boy or girl may shave patterns into their eyebrows.
- 9. Fingernails must be kept trimmed short and kept clean at all times.
- **10.** During events that allow the wearing of casual wear, learners should wear neat, presentable clothing. Beachwear, tight-fitting clothes, clothes that are revealing or see-through are not permitted. Midriffs and shoulders must be covered. Hair must still conform to normal school rules. **All learners are expected to wear jeans and a T-shirt on Civvies Days.**
- 11. Only learners that have applied and submitted relevant supporting documents and received the permission from the School Governing Body, may deviate from the official School uniform for religious and cultural reasons as contemplated in Part I paragraph 1 of the Code of Conduct.
- 12. The appropriate Activity kit must be worn on school days when the learners have Phys Ed. The activity kit includes the school golf shirt; the school activity shorts, white/black takkies and white ankle socks. No hidden socks or socks with stripes or motifs are permitted. The School Tracksuit is compulsory in winter as well as for all learners who represent the school in an extra mural activity.

#### 1.3.2 School Attendance

Parents/ guardians, learners, teachers and School Governing Body (SGB) members are jointly responsible for ensuring that all learners attend school.

- If a learner does not attend School regularly, the relevant register teacher will report the absence of the learner to the parent and the Principal in writing. The register teacher must keep an accurate register of learner's attendance and must keep copies of all communication to parents/guardians when absence from the classroom is reported.
- 2. All learners are to arrive at School before the official starting time i.e. 07h45. Learners who are late for school will be marked absent as registers are completed at the beginning of each School day.
- 3. Absence from a class, without the permission of the relevant register or subject teacher, is prohibited.
- 4. Any absence from school must be covered by an absentee note from the parent/guardian.
- 5. Should a learner be absent from School for a period of three (3) days or longer, this leave of absence must be supported by a letter from a medical doctor/ traditional doctor/ registered herbalist.
- 6. Any absence from a formal examination, test or task must be supported by a letter from a medical doctor/ traditional doctor/registered herbalist.
- 7. Truancy from school is prohibited.

#### 1.3.3 Classroom Rules

It is expected that each educator will together with the learners develop their own classroom rules. The following rules are applicable to all classes:

- Learners are expected at all times to behave in a courteous and considerate manner towards each other, the Learner Representative Council (LRC) all members of staff and visitors to the school.
- Learners are expected to abide by the school rules with regard to appearance and behaviour when representing the School both during School hours and after School hours, at School and away from School. Learners may not do or say anything that will discredit themselves or the school.
- No learner has the right at any time to behave in a manner that will disrupt the learning activity of other learners, or will cause another learner physical or emotional harm.
- 4. The School will contact parents/guardians when a learner's behaviour becomes a cause for concern and will endeavour, in a spirit of constructive partnership, to resolve the problem.

- 5. Every educator is responsible for discipline at all times at the school and at school related activities. Educators have full authority and responsibility to correct the behaviour of learners whenever such correction is necessary at the school. Serious misconduct must be referred to the Principal of the school.
- Learners must commit themselves to do their school work during classes, complete assigned homework and catch up on work missed because of absence.
  - 7. An educator's instruction must be followed at all times. Under no circumstances will the undermining/disregard of an educator be tolerated.
- 8. Classrooms may only be left with the permission of an educator.

# 1.3.4 Care of the School Property

- 1. Every learner is expected to protect and use all school equipment and facilities with care.
- 2. Vandalism will not be tolerated.
- 3. Any learner who intentionally misuses, damages or defaces any school property should replace it or pay for the damage to property.

# 1.3.5 Drug, Alcohol and Weapon Free Zone

- 1. Smoking, alcohol, drug use is not permissible at the school.
- 2. Possession of cigarettes, cigarette lighters, matches, drugs, alcoholic drinks, pornographic material, firearms, knives and other dangerous weapons is prohibited at the school.

# 1.3.6 Violence, Bullying and Foul language

- 1. No violence, bullying, intimidation or threatening of any kind is allowed at the school.
- 2. Learners are not allowed to swear or use foul language.

# 1.3.7 Property of learners

The School will not be held responsible for the theft of or damage to personal belongings on School premises (e.g. bags, books and clothing)

- 1. Learners **may not** bring cellphones to school, including the new brand of wrist phones e.g. Apple cellphone watch and similar brands.
- 2. Learners must avoid bringing large sums of money and valuables to school.
- 3. In extreme cases a learner may bring a cellphone to school **but it must be accompanied by a written request from the parent/guardian** and the letter must provide for an indemnification against theft or loss. The learner **must hand the cellphone to his/her teacher** who will lock it away in the classroom safe for the duration of the school day. This arrangement will only be considered in extreme emergency situations.
- 4. If a parent/guardian requests a learner to pay school fees on his/her behalf, such School fees must be paid in at the office before the start of the School day.
- 5. Arrangements must be made with the teacher in charge for safekeeping of valuables during extra mural activities.
- 6. Learners may not bring computer games, iPods or similar electronic devices to school.
- 7. Theft is strictly prohibited.

# 1.3.8 Early Departure from School

- 1. No learner may leave the school premises without permission from the office during school hours.
- 2. The school prefers that appointments to e.g. doctors, dentists, etc be made after school hours or over the holidays.
- 3. A learner who needs leave during school hours must supply the office with a letter from the parent requesting permission for leave.
- 4. A learner who falls sick during school hours must report to the class teacher, who will give the learner permission to report to the Sick Room. The learner must be in possession of the Sick Room card when going to the general office. If necessary, the office administrators will contact the parent.

#### 1.3.9 General Behaviour

- 1. Under no circumstances will learners be allowed to sell anything at the school, unless it relates to school fundraising or a project for which a teacher has sought the necessary permission.
- 2. Dishonesty, telling of lies, indecency or an act which in the opinion of the principal is condemnable will be acted upon by the Principal.
- Disrespect towards the national symbols (national flag, anthem, etc) of the Republic of South Africa as well as the school flag and anthem will not be tolerated.
- 4. Any ill disciplined behaviour in the classroom, on the school premises, during school trips/excursions or any school function, including any action that brings the school into disrepute will not be tolerated.
- 5. All litter must be thrown in the bins provided and not thrown around the class or school.
- 6. Learners must not disregard/undermine the authority of the Principal or staff of the school.
- 7. Disruption of classes or school by learners is unacceptable.
- 8. Learners are not allowed to enter areas restricted by the Principal/SMT.

#### 11.3.10 GENERAL RULES

- 1. Loitering or playing in and around corridors and toilets is strictly forbidden.
- 2. All litter must be placed in refuse bins or wastepaper baskets.
- 3. Wilful damaging, vandalising or neglect of School property and the property of others, either by writing or a physical act, is prohibited. Theft of School and private property is also prohibited.
- 4. Any act of cheating in class work, homework, informal and formal tests, or internal or external examination is prohibited. Furthermore, copying of and/or borrowing another learner's work is forbidden.
- 5. Disruptive, unruly, rude and/or offensive behaviour will not be tolerated.
- 6. The timeous handing in of work is the responsibility of each learner.
- 7. Learners who fail to produce a medical certificate on absenteeism during formal examinations/tests/assessment tasks will obtain a mark of "1" (one) for the particular examination/ test/assessment task.

- 8. The learner will respect the beliefs, culture, dignity and rights of other learners, as well as their right to privacy and confidentiality.
- 9. Language that is seen as derogatory, discriminatory or racist is prohibited.
- 10. Any act that belittles, demeans or humiliates another learner's culture, race or religion is prohibited.
- 11. All learners have the right to an education free of interference, intimidation and/or physical abuse. The learner will respect the property and safety of other learners. Fighting or threatening of other learners is forbidden.
- 12. The learner will respect those learners in position of authority. A learner who is in a position of authority will conduct himself/herself in a manner befitting someone in authority. She/he will respect the rights of other learners and will not abuse such authority bestowed upon him/her through his/her position.
- 13. The carrying, copying and/or reading of offensive material is prohibited.
- 14. Learners must keep clear of areas that are indicated as out of bounds. These include:
  - 14.1 The School motor vehicles garages/ covered parking.
  - 14.2 The tennis courts, swimming pool, cricket nets and netball courts, except while attending official sport practices and matches or during a lesson under the supervision of an educator.
  - 14.3 Electrical mains distribution boxes, fire extinguishers and hoses.
  - 14.5 Parking lots.

# 11.4 Disciplinary Rules

In an effort to maintain discipline at the school and ensure that teaching and learning is not disrupted through behavioural problems, the SGB puts forwards the disciplinary rules described below.

# 14.4.1 Ordinary Offences

- 1.. The following acts are considered as Ordinary offences:
  - (i) Late coming

- (ii) Failure to complete school work (class work and homework) given.
- (iii) Playing truant or bunking periods.
- (iv) Littering anywhere on the school premises.
- (v) Use of foul language.
- (vi) Incorrect uniform
- (vii) Minor disruptive behaviour
- Educators will resolve the above stated offences and keep records of the date of offence, type of offence, name of learner and how the matter was resolved. The educator may counsel the learner, use verbal warnings or written reprimand to resolve the problem.
- 3. After three ordinary offences have been recorded against a learner the matter must be referred to the Principal who together with the educator shall implement one of the following measures:
  - (i) Give the learner supervised school work, ensuring that parents are informed timeously.
  - (ii) Suspend the learner from some school activities e.g. sport, cultural activities.
- 4. Should the learner continue to commit ordinary offences, a warning letter will be sent to the parent, if the behaviour persists the parent will be called to school to discuss the matter and the likelihood of serious action being taken by the school.

#### 14.4.2 Schedule 1 - Misconduct

- 1. A learner will be guilty of Schedule 1 misconduct if he/she:
  - seriously threatens, disrupts or frustrates teaching or learning in a class;

- (ii) engages in a conspiracy to disrupt the proper functioning of the school through collective action;
- (iii) insults the dignity of or defames any learner or any other person, which includes racist remarks;
- (iv) distributes, or is in the possession of any test or examination material that may enable another person to gain an unfair advantage in a test or examination;
- (v) cheats in a test or examination or any other form of assessment such as assignments;
- (vi) engages in any act of public indecency;
- (vii) sexually harasses another person;
- (viii) is found in possession of or distributes pornographic material;
- (ix) Is under the influence or in the possession of alcohol.
- After Schedule 1-misconduct has been noted against a learner's name, the matter should be referred in writing to the Principal of the school. Following a thorough investigation and confirmation of the allegation a written warning, the Principal will send a written warning to the parent.
- A further offence in this category will be dealt with as per serious misconduct.

#### 14.4.3 Schedule 2 – Serious Misconduct

- 1. The following acts are considered as Serious Misconduct:
  - i) Rape;
  - ii) Indecent assault;
  - iii) Sexual harassment with aggravating circumstances;
  - iv) Assault with the intention to do grievous bodily harm;
  - v) Common assault of an educator;

- vi) Serious intimidation of the other learner, teaching and non-teaching staff;
- vii) Malicious damage of the state property;
- viii)Theft with aggravating circumstances;
- ix) Robbery;
- x) Possession of dangerous weapons on school premises;
- xi) The possession, sale or abuse of illegal substances;
- xii) The possession of obscene material including; material depicting sexual images in all its forms;
- xiii)Being on the school premises or at a school function outside the school premises while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or illegal substances;
- xiv) Smokes or is in possession of cigarettes or e-cigarettes;
- xiv) The theft of examination papers or the possession or sale of such stolen examination papers; and
- xv) Repeated Ordinary Offences and Schedule 1 Misconduct
- After a serious misconduct has been noted against a learner's name, the matter should be referred in writing to the Principal of the school. Following a thorough investigation and confirmation of the allegation the matter must be referred to the Disciplinary Committee.

# 14.5 Responsibilities of Learners

 a) On acceptance of the Code of Conduct by parents, learners must implement the Code of Conduct. b) The RCL should promote the code of conduct for learners but does not have the authority to punish other learners.

# 14.6 Responsibilities of Parents Regarding the Code of Conduct

- a) The ultimate responsibility for learner behaviour rests with the parent who is expected to support the school and ensure that learners observe the school rules and regulations and accept responsibility for their misbehaviour.
- Parents/Guardians should attend meeting convened by the Governing Body/SMT for them.

# 14.7 Due Process in the Event of Serious Misconduct

a) In accordance with Government Gazette 189 of 1990 and

Provincial Gazette 236 of 1997, the following procedure will be followed in the event of serious misconduct in order to ensure a fair hearing of the case. The penalties of suspension or expulsion

can only be imposed after the due process described below has been followed:

- i) Any learner alleged to have violated any rule that may require suspension or expulsion must be brought to the principal. The principal shall hear the evidence and then decide on the action to be taken.
- ii) In the event that the learner is to be charged with serious misconduct, the principal must inform the learner's parents in writing of the proposed action and arrange for a fair hearing by a small disciplinary committee consisting of members designated by the SGB.

- iii) The principal must write a written report of the case to the District Director explaining the decision to charge the learner.
- iv) A copy of written charges shall be delivered to the learner concerned and his/her parents/guardians by handing it over to him/her personally; and forward it by prepaid registered post to the parents or guardians last known residential address.
- v) If the leaner admits the charge, either in writing or orally in person before the principal, he or she shall be deemed guilty of serious misconduct as charged.
- vi) At the hearing, the principal of a Public School which a learner attends or an official appointed in writing by the Head of Department shall be the presiding officer.
- vii) In the case where a learner admits his or her guilt on a charge of serious misconduct, the principal or the appointed official should make recommendation/s on the correctional measures to be imposed, to the District Director, or in the event that expulsion of such learner is recommended to the Head of Department, or the presiding officer shall in writing appoint an educator at the school concerned, to act as prosecuting officer in the hearing.
- viii) In the case where the learner denies his/her guilt on a charge of serious misconduct, hears the charge in the set out below and, upon a finding of guilty, makes a recommendation on the correctional measures to be imposed.
- ix) For the hearing learners must be informed and understand the charge, with five (5) days notice, indicating time, place and date.

- x) At the hearing the prosecuting officer may present facts by the way of adducing oral written statements or documentary evidence.
- xi) At the hearing the learner shall have the right to be personally present and to be represented by his/her parents/guardians or a person nominated by the learner or his/her parents/guardian who shall have the right:
  - be heard by impartial persons
  - treated with dignity during the process
  - to present facts from the learner by adducing his/her statement, either in writing or orally or documentary evidence in defence of the learner.
  - to question any witness called in support of the charge.
  - to have access to documentary evidence produced in support of the charge.
  - be informed in writing of the decision if it is suspension or expulsion
- xii) The School Governing Body is obliged to keep a complete record of proceedings and outcome of the disciplinary hearing.
- xiii) In the event of the learner being found guilty, the presiding officer may impose the following correctional measure upon the learner found guilty or deemed to be guilty of the charge:
  - caution or reprimand the learner
  - direct his/her detention after school hours for a specific period of time.

- Suspension of up to one week or for a reasonable period while awaiting the approval of the Head of Department for expulsion.
- xiv) The disciplinary proceedings contemplated here shall be conducted in a fair, equitable, open and transparent manner.

# 14.8 Suspension of a Learner for Serious Misconduct

- According to Section 9(1) of SASA, a School Governing Body
   (SGB) may, on reasonable grounds and as a precautionary
   measure, suspend a learner who is suspected of serious
   misconduct from attending school, but may only enforce
  - such suspension, after the learner has been granted a reasonable opportunity to make representations to it in relation to such suspension.
- b) If a learner is suspended, the governing body must conduct the disciplinary proceedings within 7 (seven) days of the suspension, failing which, the governing body must obtain the approval of the HOD for the continuation of the suspension of such a learner.
- c) According to Section 9(1)(C) of SASA, a governing body may, after a fair hearing, suspend a learner from attending school, as a sanction for a period not longer than 7 (seven) school days.
- d) According to Section 9(1)(E) of SASA, a governing body may suspend or extend the suspension of a learner for a period not longer than 14 days, pending a decision as to whether the learner is to be expelled from the school by the HOD.

#### 14.9 Serious Misconduct and the Law

a. Serious misconduct which may include offences according to the law must be investigated by the police and referred to the Court if necessary.

# 14.10 Institution of which may Lead to Suspension or Expulsion

- 1. The learner must be questioned by the principal.
- 2. On the basis of evidence collected, the principal may institute a disciplinary hearing.
- 3. Only the principal may institute disciplinary action against a learner in respect of serious misconduct.
- 4. The principal may institute disciplinary action against a learner in respect of serious misconduct only if:
  - there is sufficient evidence to institute such proceedings; and
  - the principal considers it to be the interest of the school and its community that such disciplinary action should be instituted.

# 14.11 Disciplinary Committee (DC) for Serious Misconduct

- a) Upon the advice of the principal, the SGB must appoint a DC to adjudicate the allegation of serious misconduct.
- b) The DC appointed by the SGB must comprise of three persons who are members of the SGB or are nominated by the SGB.
- c) The DC is subjected to the following conditions:
  - The chairperson of DC must be a parent member or community member of the SGB.

- ii) The two remaining members of the disciplinary committee may not be the principal or a learner at the school.
- iii) No person may be appointed to the disciplinary committee if he or she has personal knowledge of any matter that may be in dispute at the hearing.
- d) In appointing members of the disciplinary committee, issues of representivity in terms of gender and race must be reflected in the composition of the panel.

# 14.12 Procedure for Hearing of Serious Misconduct

- a) Regulation 5 of the Notice outlines the procedures for hearing of serious misconduct and other steps to be followed to ensure that the process is fair and transparent.
- b) The principle of FAIRNESS is expected to apply during the disciplinary proceedings:
  - i) The principles of fairness require that the accused person understands all the allegations against him or her, and is given a fair opportunity to respond to those allegations.
  - ii) This would therefore require that an opportunity be provided for the cross-examination of a person making allegations by the person against whom the allegations are made.
  - iii) The learner has the right to be represented by the legal representative.
  - iv) The evidence before the DC must be fairly evaluated and considered, and a decision must be taken without bias, malice or prejudice against anyone.

- v) The circumstance of the accused person must be considered, and mitigation factors (such as the matter being a first offence) should be taken into account.
- vi) Equality before the law requires that there be no unfair discrimination, directly or indirectly, on the basis of *inter alia* race, gender, age or religion.
- vii) It also requires that like cases should be treated alike.
- c) The SGB makes a recommendation for expulsion to the HOD after a fair hearing.
- This recommendation of the DC must be forwarded to the HOD in writing.
- e) The parents of the learner must be notified in writing of their right to forward an accompanying letter with the recommendation, stating their position on the incident, if they so wish. This letter may serve as a part of the appeal process.
- f) The HOD then investigates the procedural and substantive aspects of the guilty verdict and the sanction recommended.
- g) The HOD's decision, after due consideration of the reports and the record of proceedings from the DC, together with the optional letter from parent, is final.
- h) If the HOD expels a learner who is of compulsory school age, he/she must ensure that the learner is admitted to another school.
- i) If the HOD decides to impose on the learner a lesser punishment, other than expulsion, he/she may, after consultation with the SGB, impose a suitable sanction on the learner, or if he/she decides not to impose a sanction on the learner, he/she will refer the matter back to the SGB for an alternative sanction.

# 14.13 Appeal Procedures

- a) A learner or the parent(s) of a learner who has been expelled or a representative designated by him/her may appeal against the decision of the HOD to the MEC, within 14 (fourteen) days.
- b) Alternative arrangements for the continued education of the learner who has appealed must be made by the HOD, until the appeal has been finalised.
- c) The MEC must, within 5 (five) days notify the HOD and SGB that the appeal has been lodged and furnish them with a copy thereof, and request them, within 5 (five) days after receipt of the appeal, to make comments with regard to the appellant's reasons for the appeal and any other information relevant to the appeal.
- d) After consideration of all the information, the MEC must, within 5 (five) days of receipt of the documentation, provide the learner with the decision regarding the appeal.
- e) If an appeal by a learner who has been expelled from a public school is upheld by the Member of the Executive Council, the Member of the Executive Council must ensure that a suitable sanction is then imposed on the learner within 14 days of the date on which the appeal was upheld.

# 12. PROMOTION OF CODE OF CONDUCT

- a) This policy will be displayed openly in the school.
- b) This policy will be made available to each learner in the official language of teaching and learning on registration.
- c) This policy shall clarify in positive terms what the expectations of the school are.
- d) The following actions shall be taken to clarify the expectation of the school to learners:

- Each learner to be given a copy of the code of conduct at the beginning of each year, younger learners at primary to be informed verbally.
- ii) Classroom rules and the consequences for breaking these rules must be displayed in the class.

# 13. SHORT TITLE

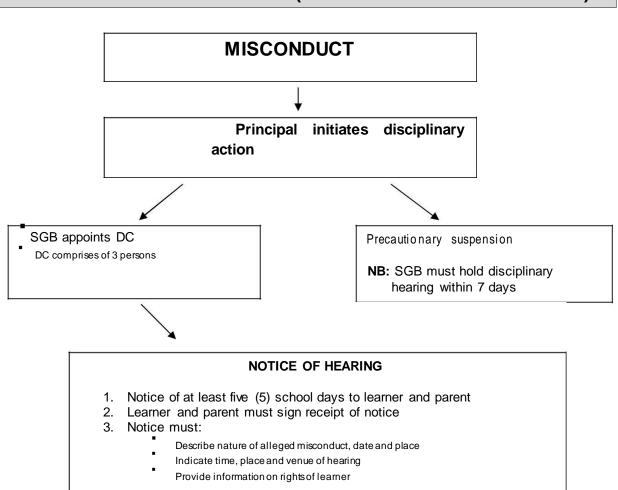
This policy shall be called **Code of Conduct for Learners of Colin Mann School** 

# 14. APPROVAL:

Recommended by: (Principal) (print name)	M Le Roux	Signatura	
<u> </u>		Signature:	
Date:	2017/03/01		
Approved by: (SGB Chairperson) (Print name)	N Rogers	Signature:	
Date:	2017/03/01		
Verification by GDE: (District Director) (Print Name)		Signature:	
Date of Verification			
Certified by :(Print Name)		Signature:	
Date			

# 15. ANNEXURE A

# SCHEMATIC EXPOSITION: MISCONDUCT PROCEDURE FOR LEARNERS AT PUBLIC SCHOOLS (SASA AND THE REGULATIONS)



#### **DISCIPLINARY HEARING**

- Interpreter is designated if necessary
- DC keeps full and accurate record
- Prosecutor sets out charge and presents case against learner
- Chairperson asks learner to plead guilty or not guilty

# IF PLEADS GUILTY Chairperson questions learner in order to satisfy DC that the learner is guilty If it appears that the learner's version materially differs from facts outlined by the prosecutor or if chairperson is not satisfied that the learner is guilty, the chairperson must enter a plea of not guilty

#### IF PLEADS NOT GUILTY

- Prosecutor leads evidence or call witnesses
- Cross-examinations by learner (or representative)
- Prosecutor cross-examines witness or examines evidence
- DC cross-examines witness or examines evidence
- Prosecutor, then learner or representatives addresses DC as to guilty or otherwise

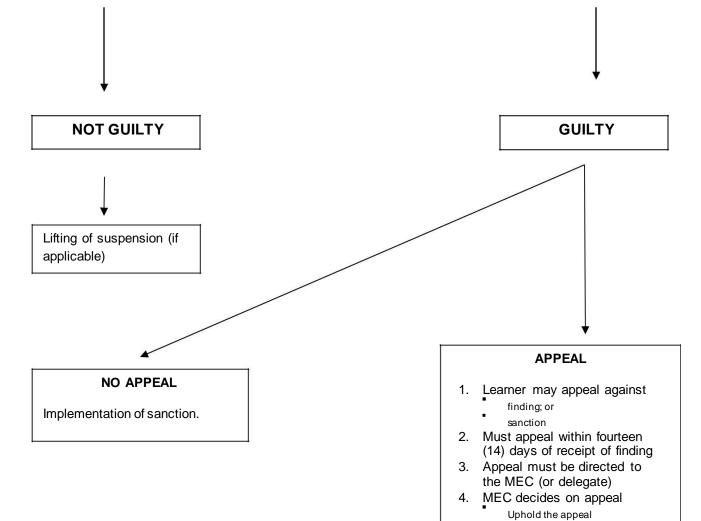
Amend the sanction Dismiss the appeal

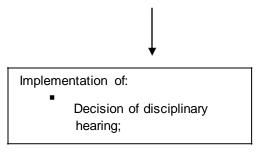
#### **FINDING**

- 1. DC decides if learner is guilty or not guilty of misconduct
- 2. DC informs learner of finding and reasons

If dissatisfied that the learner is guilty, DC must find the learner guilty

- 3. DC hears mitigating and aggravating circumstances
- 4. DC decides on suitable sanction (suspension may be imposed for no longer than seven days)
- 5. If DC decides learner should be expelled, a recommendation to that effect to HOD
- 6. SGB may suspend learner, pending decision of HOD.
- HOD proclaims decision within fourteen days





#### 16. ANNEXURE B



# APPEAL TO THE MEMBER OF THE EXECUTIVE COUNCIL

A learner or representative may appeal against the following:

Appeal against any finding of guilt by the Head of Department in respect of which a penalty of expulsion has been imposed.

Appeal against a penalty of expulsion imposed by the Head of Department.

Appeal against an order made by the Head of Department who has expelled a learner of compulsory school age and admits such learner to another school or centre of learning within the province.

Appeal against an order made by the Head of Department who has expelled a learner of compulsory school age and requires that such learner attends counselling and procures regular progress reports in respect of such counselling.

Please note such an appeal against any of these decisions must be lodged with the Member of the Executive Council within 14 days. The notice of appeal together with the grounds for the appeal must be hand-delivered to the office of the Member of the Executive Council.

I. DETAILS OF	THE LEARNER
NAME	÷
AGE IN YEARS	÷
DATE OF BIRTH	:
IDENTITY NO	;
	;
	(IF NOT LIVING WITH THE PERSON LODGING THE APPEAL)
POSTAL CODE	:
	PERSON LODGING THE APPEAL (IF NOT THE LEARNER)
NAME	:
	IE LEARNER (E.G. FATHER, MOTHER, GUARDIAN, CUSTODIAN OR NSIBLE FOR THE EDUCATION OF THE LEARNER)
ADDRESS	:

POSTA	CODE :	
TELEPH	ONIE .	
ICLEPT	DNE :	
NAME (	PRINCIPAL:	
III. NA	URE OF THE APPEAL	
	EVENT OF THE APPEAL LODGED IN TERMS OF IV (1) IV (2) IV (3) OR IV (4) THE REASONS FOR THE APPEAL ARE (PLEASE TICK IN THE APPROPRIATE	
	GAINST ANY OF FINDINGS OF GUILTY BY THE HEAD OF EPARTMENT IN RESPECT OF WHICH A PENALTY OF EXPULSION HAS EEN IMPOSED.	
	GAINST A PENALTY OF EXPULSION IMPOSED BY THE HEAD OF EPARTMENT.	
	GAINST AN ORDER MADE BY THE HEAD OF DEPARTMENT WHO HAS XPELLED A LEARNER OF COMPULSORY SCHOOL GOING AGE AND DMITS SUCH LEARNER TO ANOTHER SCHOOL OR CENTRE OF EARNING WITHIN THE PROVINCE.	
	GAINST AN ORDER MADE BY THE HEAD OF DEPARTMENT WHO HAS XPELLED A LEARNER OF COMPULSORY SCHOOL AGE AND EQUIRES THAT SUCH LEARNER ATTENDS COUNSELLING AND ROCURES REGULAR PROGRESS REPORTS IN RESPECT OF SUCH OUNSELLING.	
IV. RE	SONS FOR THE APPEAL	
	VENT OF AN APPEAL BEING LODGED IN TERMS OF IV (1), IV (2), IV (3) OR IN REASONS FOR THE APPEAL ARE [PLEASE TICK IN THE APPROPRIATE BOX	

1.	THE GOVERNING BODY OF THE SCHOOL DID NOT APPOINT A DISCIPLINARY COMMITTEE.	
2.	THE GOVERNING BODY OF THE SCHOOL DID NOT DESIGNATE ONE OF THE MEMBERS OF THE DISCIPLINARY COMMITTEE AS CHAIRPERSON TO ADJUDICATE THE ALLEGATIONS OF SERIOUS MISCONDUCT.	
3.	THE DISCIPLINARY COMMITTEE DID NOT COMPRISE THREE PERSONS WHO WERE EITHER MEMBERS OF THE GOVERNING BODY OR PERSONS WHO ARE ELIGIBLE TO BE ELECTED AS MEMBERS.	
4.	THE CHAIRPERSON OF THE DISCIPLINARY COMMITTEE WAS NOT A PARENT OR COMMUNITY MEMBER OF THE GOVERNING BODY.	
5.	THE PRINCIPAL OF THE SCHOOL WAS A MEMBER OF THE DISCIPLINARY COMMITTEE.	
6.	A LEARNER AT THE SCHOOL WAS A MEMBER OF THE DISCIPLINARY COMMITTEE.	
7.	A MEMBER OF THE DISCIPLINARY COMMITTEE HAD PERSONAL KNOWLEDGE OR INTEREST IN THE MATTER.	
8.	AN EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE MEMBER OF THE REPRESENTATIVE COUNCIL OF LEARNERS WAS NOT PRESENT AT THE DISCIPLINARY HEARING, ALTHOUGH THIS WAS REQUESTED.	
9.	THE LEARNER WAS NOT GIVEN AT LEAST FIVE SCHOOL DAYS WRITTEN NOTICE OF THE DISCIPLINARY HEARING.	
10.	THE NOTICE OF THE DISCIPLINARY HEARING DID NOT CONTAIN SUFFICIENT PARTICULARS OF THE DATE, PLACE, TIME OR NATURE OF THE CHARGES TO ENABLE THE LEARNER TO IDENTIFY THE INCIDENT IN QUESTION AND TO RESPOND TO THE CHARGES.	
11.	THE NOTICE OF THE DISCIPLINARY HEARING DID NOT INFORM THE LEARNER OF HIS OR HER RIGHTS.	
12.	THE LEARNER WAS NOT GIVEN A COPY OF THE NOTICE OF THE DISCIPLINARY HEARING.	

13.	A COPY OF THE NOTICE OF THE DISCIPLINARY HEARING WAS NOT DELIVERED TO THE PARENT.	
14.	AT LEAST ONE OF THE PARENTS OF THE LEARNER, WHO IS YOUNGER THAN 18 YEARS OF AGE, DID NOT ACCOMPANY THE LEARNER AT THE DISCIPLINARY HEARING.	
15.	AN INTERPRETER WAS NOT PRESENT AT THE DISCIPLINARY HEARING, ALTHOUGH REQUESTED BY THE LEARNER.	
16.	THE DISCIPLINARY COMMITTEE DID NOT KEEP A FULL AND ACCURATE RECORD OF THE PROCEEDINGS OF THE DISCIPLINARY HEARING.	
17.	THE LEARNER WAS NOT ASKED TO PLEAD GUILTY OR NOT GUILTY TO THE CHARGE(S).	
18.	THE LEARNER, OR HIS OR HER REPRESENTATIVE, WAS NOT PERMITTED TO QUESTION ANY WITNESS OR EXAMINE ANY EVIDENCE PRESENTED BY THE PROSECUTOR	
19.	THE LEARNER, OR HIS OR HER REPRESENTATIVE, WAS NOT PERMITTED TO ADDRESS THE DISCIPLINARY COMMITTEE AS TO THE GUILTY CHARGE OR NOT GUILTY CHARGE OF THE LEARNER.	
20.	THE LEARNER WAS NOT GIVEN A FAIR HEARING.	
	TIONAL INFORMATION RELATING TO THE CHARGES SHOULD BE GIVEN IN TES BELOW.	THE

IN THE EVENT OF AN APPEAL BEING LODGED IN TERMS OF IV (3), THE REASONS FOR THE APPEAL ARE (PLEASE TICK IN THE APPROPRIATE BOX):

١.		LEARNER IS NOT SATISFIED WITH THE SCHOOL RECORD OR CENTRE EARNING WITHIN THE PROVINCE.
	REAS	SONS FOR THE DISSATISFACTION MUST BE GIVEN IN THE SPACES BELOW.
		HE EVENT OF AN APPEAL BEING LODGED IN TERMS OF IV (4), THE REASONS THE APPEAL ARE [PLEASE TICK IN THE APPROPRIATE BOX (ES)]
	1.	THE LEARNER DOES NOT REQUIRE COUNSELLING.
	2.	THE LEARNER DOES NOT FEEL THAT THE HEAD OF DEPARTMENT NEEDS TO PROCURE REGULAR PROGRESS REPORTS IN RESPECT OF SUCH COUNSELLING.
	REAS	SONS MUST BE GIVEN IN THE SPACES BELOW.

#### V. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

PLEASE GIVE ANY ADDITIONAL INFORMATION WITH REGARD TO THIS APPEAL IN THE SPACES PROVIDED BELOW.

VI. DOCUMENTATION TO BE SUBMITTED	
VI. DOGGINERTATION TO BE GODINITTED	
CERTIFIED COPIES OF ALL THE RELEVANT DOCUMENTATION AND CORRESPONDENCE MUST BE SUBMITTED WITH THIS APPEAL.	
VII. DECLARATION	
I DECLARE THAT ALL THE INFORMATION SUPPLIED IN THIS DOCUMENT IS TRUE AND ACCURATE.	
SIGNATURE DATE	